

Getting Ready - Network and ISDN Interface

*This chapter discusses all that is needed to interface your **Prima LT** to the digital network*

5. Digital Interface and Terminal Adapter Setup

5.1 Digital Interface Setup

Interface	External TA	<i>slot select</i>	X.21	DTR/CON
			V.35	
	Dig. Interface	<i>slot select</i>	RS422	

!note:
You can skip this section if your Digital Interface Module was factory installed or you are using an internal terminal adapter.

MENU NAVIGATION	COMMAND	WINDOWS RC	DESCRIPTION
<Interface><Dig Interface> <slot><type><DTR/CON>	CDT	Setup, Digital Interface	Set state of the DTR/CON line
<Interface>	CIF	Setup, Digital Interface	Select digital interface type

The **Prima LT Plus** needs at least one digital interface to operate. There are several types of digital interfaces, classified as TA (Terminal Adapter) and non-TA types. A TA type of digital interface is one that is capable of directly connecting to the ISDN line and dialing. You can mix up to three different types of interface modules in one **Prima LT Plus**.

There are two different internal TAs currently available for the **Prima LT Plus**, TA201 and TA301. Support is provided for the older TA101, discontinued in 1996 (still available in Australia), but these terminal adapters are no longer available from MUSICAM USA. There are

several different non-TA type interfaces that can be used with the **Prima LT Plus**:

- X.21
- RS422
- V.35

The RS422 and X.21 protocols have the same voltage levels and thus both share the same interface card, the DIF101. **Setting jumper P4 on the DIF card makes the distinction between them. Positions 1 and 2 should be shorted for X.21 operation, and positions 2 and 3 should be shorted for RS422.**

The V.35 standard specifies different voltage levels and hence must use a different type of line interface IC. The interface card used for this standard, the DIF102, is therefore different from the interface card for the X.21/RS422 standard.

!note:

A digital interface must be defined before it can be used.

The **CIF** command,

<Interface><select>

is used to define and enable the type of digital interface that has been installed in the **Prima LT Plus**. Please remember that each installed interface card has two ports, and that each port must be defined when using remote control. When using the front panel keypad, both ports are defined simultaneously.

Some models of external terminal adapters can use the state of the DTR/CON line to terminate a connection. If your external terminal adapter or CSU/DSU can do this, use the X.21XTA or V.35XTA setting, whichever is appropriate. This enables the user to terminate the connection by pressing the **END** key on the front of the **Prima LT Plus**. Otherwise, use the X.21 or V.35 setting.

On some non-TA interfaces, there is a signal designated DTR for the V.35 interface and CON for the X.21 interface. These are control lines from the **Prima LT Plus** interface card to the external terminal adapter equipment. The levels of these lines are controlled by the **CDT** command,

<Interface><External TA><slot>...<DTR/CON>.

Some external ISDN terminal adapters and Switched-56 CSU/DSUs require that the DTR/CON line is asserted. The **CDT** command provides an easy method of controlling the state of the DTR/CON line.

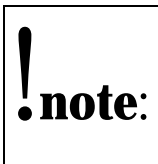
If your **Prima LT Plus** was delivered with the digital interface installed by the factory, the modules have already been set up. You should, however, check to see that non-TA type interfaces have been set up properly for your application. In addition, **after any reset of default values, you will have to re-install all DIF modules.**

5.2 Terminal Adapter TA101 Configuration

If an internal terminal adapter is not used, you can skip the remainder of this chapter.

Interface	Internal TA	Slot	TA101	Sw Type	Appropriate setup information	Initialize	Save
-----------	-------------	------	-------	---------	-------------------------------	------------	------

The TA101 terminal adapter provides one S/T interface for one ISDN BRI (2 x 64 kb/s) line. In North America, the Telco provides a 'U' interface; therefore, an external NT-1 must be used between the **Prima LT Plus** and the wall jack. Elsewhere, the Telco provides an S/T interface and an external NT-1 is not needed.



The TA101 requires country specific ROM chips for use in different countries. Please contact MUSICAM USA, CCS-Europe or your local distributor for information if you plan to take your **Prima LT Plus** to a different country.

Although your **Prima LT Plus** does support the TA101 terminal adapter, the TA101 has been discontinued everywhere except Australia, and is no longer available from MUSICMA USA. Please contact MUSICAM USA or refer to the [CDQPrima Users Guide](#), available on-line at www.musicamusa.com, for configuration information.

5.3 Terminal Adapter TA201 and TA301 Configuration for North America

Interface	Internal TA	Slot	TA201	Country	Sw Type	Appropriate setup information	Initialize	Save
			TA301					

MENU NAVIGATION	COMMAND	WINDOWS RC	DESCRIPTION
-----------------	---------	------------	-------------

MENU NAVIGATION	COMMAND	WINDOWS RC	DESCRIPTION
<Interface><Internal TA><slot> <TA201> <country>	CCC	N/A	Define country for TA201
Switch type, SPIDs, IDs, Interface mode and Lower Layer control are set in sequence after terminal adapter type is selected	CLD	TA, Configuration	Set ID for a Terminal Adapter
	CLL	TA, Configuration	Set Lower Layer Control for Terminal Adapter
	CSI	TA, Configuration	Set SPID for a Terminal Adapter
	CSW	TA, Configuration	Set switch type
	CTF	TA, Configuration	Set TA interface mode
<Interface><Internal TA> ... <Initialize>	CTR	N/A	Reset the internal terminal adapter

The TA201 terminal adapter provides one S/T interface for one ISDN BRI (2 x 64 kb/s) line. In North America, the Telco provides a 'U' interface, therefore an external NT-1 must be used between the **Prima LT Plus** and the wall jack. Elsewhere, the Telco provides an S/T interface and an external NT-1 is not needed. The TA201 contains all country specific configuration and provisioning information in memory, and there is no need to change ROM chips when using your **Prima LT Plus** in a different country.

The TA301 is similar the TA201 except that it contains a built-in NT-1 and connects directly to the ISDN 'U' interface provided in North America. No external NT-1 is required.

Prima LT Plus's top-down terminal adapter configuration menu does not require unnecessary information, and only those parameters appropriate for the terminal adapter type and country setting are required.

Probably the most confusing aspect of ISDN codecs is configuring the Terminal Adapter for the ISDN in your area. This is especially true in North America, where there are several local 'flavors' of ISDN that are all provisioned differently. Elsewhere, configuration of the terminal adapter may be as simple as insuring the proper country is selected.

In North America, the ISDN service provider must supply certain information to allow you to correctly configure the Terminal Adapter:

- ISDN ‘Flavor’, e.g. National ISDN or Custom.
- Service Provider Identification Numbers (SPID numbers). National ISDN *always* requires SPID numbers; some locations using Custom ISDN may *not* require SPID numbers. If SPID numbers are required, most areas use two, but some implementations require only one.

The following parameters are entered in sequence. You can exit the TA programming sequence at any time by pressing the up arrow button.

5.3.1 Select Country (TA201 Only)

Since the TA201/TA301 have all country specific protocols in ROM, you must select which of these protocols to use. Use the keypad sequence

<Interface><Internal TA><slot><TA201><country>

or the **CCC** command.

5.3.2 Switch Type

It is necessary to tell the TA what type of switch protocol is being used at the Telco central office. The ISDN service provider will give this information to you. You need to set the switch type only once for each TA since it is impossible to have different switch types for the individual “B” channels in an ISDN line. Go down the

<Interface><Internal TA> ... <Sw type>

branch then select the appropriate switch type, either National or AT&T Custom. The **CSW** command is used for setting the switch type from a terminal.

!note:

Select ‘5ESS CUST’ only for AT&T custom point-to-point or point-to-multipoint ISDN service available in a limited number of areas in the United States. For all other ISDN service, including AT&T National ISDN, select ‘NI1’.

5.3.3 Service Provider ID (SPID) Number

After the switch type is entered, you will then be prompted to enter two SPID numbers.

!note:

For *most* areas in North American, the TA must be told the SPID number of the *calling* ISDN line, that is, the line to which the **Prima LT Plus** is connected, i.e., *your* ISDN line. The ISDN service provider in your area provides this number to you. **It is important to remember that every time the Prima LT Plus is moved, or whenever there is a**

change in the ISDN line, or even Area Code changes, the SPID and ID number, switch type and possibly other parameters for the TA setup must be updated. The *Prima LT Plus* can store up to 20 ISDN location configurations for later recall.

Follow the prompts to enter the SPID numbers for both 'B' channels. Please note that some implementations of AT&T Custom ISDN may require only one SPID number or may not use SPID numbers at all. In these cases, simply press **ENTER** to go to the next setup parameter. Use the **CSI** command to set the SPID number from a terminal.

If SPIDs are not used in your area, line 2 may answer the first incoming call and line 1 will answer the second.

Once both SPID numbers are entered you will be prompted to enter ID numbers.

5.3.4 Identification (ID) Number

If you are required to use two SPID numbers, then you must use ID numbers. For North American operation of the TA201 and 301, the ID number is just the seven-digit ISDN line number connected to the *Prima LT Plus*. Follow the prompts to set the ID from the keypad or use the **CLD** command from a terminal.

At this point, all required information has been entered. You will only need to continue the programming sequence if your ISDN service is not functioning properly or if your TA201 was previously used in a different country. Press the up arrow button to reach the top of the menu tree to exit the programming sequence.

5.3.5 Interface Mode

The **CTF** command sets the interface mode of the internal TA201 and TA301. **For North American operation with the TA201 or TA301 the mode should always be set to ACTIVE.** This parameter is factory set if your terminal adapter was installed by MUSICMA USA and was purchased for use in North America. For use outside North America, first set the interface mode to ACTIVE. If you have trouble making or receiving calls, set the mode to IGNORE.

5.3.6 Low-Layer Control (LLC)

The **CLL** command is used to set the Low Layer Control protocol used by ISDN. When the LLC is set to **ON**, both 56 and 64 kb/s dialing is



allowed. When the LLC is set to **OFF**, only 64 kb/s dialing is permitted.

5.3.7 Initialize (Reset TA)

After the above parameters have been set, it is necessary to reset the terminal adapter. The **CTR** command is used to reset the internal terminal adapter. The TA201 and TA301 currently return no information after a reset. Please note that a complete reset of the TA201 and TA301 terminal adapters takes about 45 seconds, and you should not attempt to dial before the reset is complete.

5.4 Terminal Adapter TA201 Configuration, Non-North American Operation

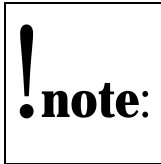
Interface	Internal TA	slot	TA201	Country	Sw Type	Appropriate setup information	Initialize	Save
-----------	-------------	------	-------	---------	---------	-------------------------------	------------	------

MENU NAVIGATION	COMMAND	WINDOWS RC	DESCRIPTION
<Interface><Internal TA><slot> <TA201> <Country>	CCC	N/A	Define country for TA
Switch type, LDNs, sub address, Interface mode and Lower Layer control are set in sequence after country is selected. Not all parameters are required for all countries.	CLD	TA, Configuration	Set LDN/MSN for a Terminal Adapter
	CLL	TA, Configuration	Set LLC state (United Kingdom)
	CSA	TA, Configuration	Set sub-address for a Terminal Adapter.
	CSW	TA, Configuration	Set switch type
	CTF	TA, Configuration	Set TA interface mode
<Interface><Internal TA> ... <Initialize>	CTR	N/A	Reset the internal terminal adapter

The TA201 terminal adapter provides one S/T interface for one ISDN BRI (2 x 64 kb/s) line. The TA201 contains all country specific configuration and provisioning information in memory, and there is no need to change ROM chips when using your **Prima LT Plus** in a different country. Use the Germany setting for most of Europe, except France and the U.K.

5.4.1 Select Country

Since the TA201 has all country specific protocols in ROM, you must select which of these protocols to use. Use the keypad sequence



<Interface><Internal TA><slot><TA201><country>

or the CCC command. **For countries not specified in the selections, try using Germany, with DSS1 Switch type. For Pacific-Rim countries, try using Japan settings.**

5.4.2 Switch Type (Germany Only)

If Germany is selected, it is necessary to tell the TA what type of switch protocol the PTT central office is using. The ISDN service provider will give this information to you. You need to set the switch type only once for each TA since the switch governs both 'B' channels in an ISDN line. Select the appropriate switch type, either DSS1 or 1TR6. The **CSW** command is used for setting the switch type from a terminal.

5.4.3 LDN / MSN Number

The MSN (Multiple Subscriber Number) allows you to connect several codecs (terminal adapters) to one ISDN bus if the DSS1 Euro-ISDN protocol is used. Each TA201 interface requires two MSN numbers, one for each 64 kb/s channel. You do not need to enter the whole MSN, you just have to enter the last different digits. For example, if your MSN for line 1 is 8115517571 and for line 2 is 8115517581, then you only need to enter '71' and '81' for the MSNs.

5.4.4 Sub-Address And Interface Mode

Sub-addresses are required when using the German 1TR6 switch protocol. Like the MSN used with DSS1, the sub-address enables you to connect several codecs (terminal adapters) to the same ISDN bus. For every terminal adapter, you need two sub addresses (EAZ numbers), one for each 64 kb/s channel, numbers between 1 and 8.

The **Prima LT Plus's** interface mode has a different meaning for the TA201 terminal adapter when not used in North America. Try setting the interface mode to ACTIVE, and if you have trouble making or receiving calls, set the interface mode to IGNORE.

All of the terminal adapter parameters discussed so far can be entered at the same time when using the available Windows Remote Control program.

5.4.5 LLC (Low Level Command) State (UK Only)

It is only necessary to set the LLC state in the United Kingdom. Different areas in the UK require different settings. If your TA201 cannot dial properly with the default setting, toggle the setting. Remember that you must set each DIF (B channel) to the proper state.

5.4.6 Initialize (Reset TA)

After the above parameters have been set, it is necessary to reset the TA201 Terminal Adapter. The **CTR** command is used to reset the internal terminal adapter. The TA201 and TA301 currently return no information after a reset.

5.5 Terminal Adapter Configuration Storage and Recall

Interface	Advanced I/F	Load TA Setup Save TA Setup Delete Entry Clear All
------------------	---------------------	---

MENU NAVIGATION	COMMAND	WINDOWS RC	DESCRIPTION
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <Load TA Setup>	CTA	N/A	Loads a previously stored TA configuration
	CTA	N/A	Prints first stored TA configuration
	CTB	N/A	Display TA configuration description
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <Del entry/clear all>	CTD	N/A	Erases one or all stored TA configuration
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <Save TA Setup>	CTE	N/A	Saves the current TA configuration
	CTN	N/A	Prints next stored TA configuration

It is possible to store up to 20 terminal adapter configurations for later recall. This feature makes it easy to reconfigure your terminal adapter(s) when your **Prima LT Plus** is used in multiple locations. Each stored configuration includes up to six SPID and ID numbers, local check values, switch types, sub-addresses and all relevant TA setup parameters.

Once your TA has been configured and is working properly, we recommend that you store that configuration for later recall using the

CTE command. You will be asked to enter a descriptive name, up to 20 characters (no spaces), and the **Prima LT Plus** will assign an identification number to the entry. To recall the configuration, use the **CTA** command. To delete one or all of the stored configurations use the **CDT** command. To list all stored configurations on a terminal, use the **CTA, CTB** and **CTN**.


Please note that you can reload a stored configuration only into the same type of TA. You cannot save an older TA101 configuration and reload it into a TA201 or TA301.



We recommend that you always save your TA configuration after you are satisfied that it works. This will save you time if you must later reload the configuration.

5.6 Other TA Parameters

Interface	Auto Answer
Advanced IF	Auto Reconnect
	Redial
	Dial Time Out
	Alpha Mode
	I/F Loopback
	TA Version

MENU NAVIGATION	COMMAND	WINDOWS RC	DESCRIPTION
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <Auto Ans>	CAA	N/A	Set TA auto answer mode
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <AutoReCon>	CAC	TA, Settings	Set TA auto reconnection state
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <I/F Loopback>	CLB		Set digital interface loopback
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <Redial>	CRD	TA, Settings	Set number of redial attempts
<Interface><Advanced I/F> <Dial TO>	CTO	TA, Settings	Set dialing time-out
<<Interface><Advanced I/F> <TA Version>	CVR	N/A	Print terminal adapter ROM version

The **CAA** command can be used to switch the TA out of the auto answer mode. If the TA is not in the auto-answer mode, then it will not accept any incoming calls. The factory default is set to auto-answer. This

feature is useful if you want to prevent anyone from dialing into your **Prima LT Plus**.



If you call another codec and the connection is lost, it is possible to have the **Prima LT Plus** automatically redial the connection. This is done by setting AutoReCon to YES using the **CAC** command. This is a very powerful feature when less than ideal lines are used. **Remember, however, that when this feature is enabled, only the calling Prima LT Plus can terminate the connection.**

The **CRD** command (Redial) sets the number of times the **Prima LT Plus** will attempt to establish a connection before giving up. The factory default is 1 redial attempt, i.e.; the **Prima LT Plus** will dial each connection twice. The dial time-out command **CTO** (Dial TO) sets the time that the **Prima LT Plus** waits for a connection to be established before giving up. Regardless of the number of redial attempts selected, you can abort the dialing sequence anytime after the first attempt by pressing the ↑ key.

It is possible to loop back at the internal terminal adapter or other digital interface using the **CLB** command. Digital interface loopback can be used as a troubleshooting tool.

The **CVR** command can be used to display the terminal adapter software version for a TA201 or TA301 terminal adapter (ROM version).

5.7 Digital Interface Connect Time And Status

<u>Interface</u>	<u>Connect time</u>	LCD Displ
		Dspl Time
		Clr Time
		Dspl Num

A digital interface can be in one of three states:

- DISCONNECTED
- DIALING (TA type only)
- CONNECTED

The state of the digital interface is shown by the six DIF LEDs on the front panel. If the LED is dark, then the state of the DIF is DISCONNECTED. If the LED is illuminated, the DIF is CONNECTED. Certain non-Terminal Adapter interfaces will always be in the connected state.

Although the connect time is displayed on the encoder and decoder status screens (by pressing the **E STAT** or **D STAT** buttons), you can also display the connect time, in full HH:MM:SS format, without loading the status displays. To show the connect time, first turn on the display using the **CDC** command:

<Interface><Connect Time><LCD Display>

then, send the connect time to the display using the **CCS** command:

<Interface><Connect Time><Display Time>

You can reset the connect time display to zero at any time by issuing the **CCR** command:

<Interface><Connect Time><Clear Time>

It is also possible to show the last number dialed, and the bit rate used to make the call by using the **CCD** command:

<Interface><Connect Time><Display Num>